

1 THE HONORABLE JOHN C. COUGHENOUR  
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7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
9 AT SEATTLE

10 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

11 Plaintiff,

v.

12 PEY BIN,

13 Defendant.

14 CASE NO. CR09-0061-JCC

ORDER

15 This matter comes before the Court on Defendant's motion for early termination of  
16 supervised release (Dkt. No. 185). Having thoroughly considered the parties' briefing and the  
17 relevant record, the Court finds oral argument unnecessary and hereby DENIES the motion for  
18 the reasons explained herein.

19 **I. BACKGROUND**

20 On December 18, 2005, Pey Bin pled guilty to possession of methamphetamine with  
21 intent to distribute and felon in possession of ammunition.<sup>1</sup> (Dkt. No. 79 at 1.) The Court  
22 sentenced Mr. Bin to 84 months of imprisonment and four years of supervised release. (Dkt. No.  
23 106.) Mr. Bin began his term of supervised release on May 1, 2015. (Dkt. No. 185 at 2.) While on  
24 supervised release, Mr. Bin has maintained steady employment and stable housing. (*Id.* at 2.) He

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26 <sup>1</sup> Bin has a prior 1993 conviction for bank robbery. (Dkt. No. 185 at 2.)

1 pays child support and helps care for his mother and his girlfriend’s child. (*Id.*) However, Mr.  
2 Bin has had two probation violations for consuming alcohol—first on January 1, 2016 and again  
3 on April 19, 2017. (Dkt. Nos. 161, 162.) Probation also reports that two weeks before Mr. Bin  
4 filed his motion for early termination, his probation officer found him drinking beer at his  
5 residence. (Dkt. No. 186 at 2.) On this basis, the Government and the Probation Office oppose  
6 early termination as inconsistent with Probation’s requirement of 12 months of violation-free  
7 behavior before endorsing early termination of supervised release. (*Id.*)

8 Mr. Bin is also on an Immigration and Customs Enforcement (“ICE”) order of  
9 supervision and can be re-detained by ICE if found in violation of that order. (Dkt. No. 185 at 3.)

10 **II. DISCUSSION**

11 Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(1), a court may terminate a term of supervised release at  
12 any time after the expiration of one year of supervised release “if it is satisfied that such action is  
13 warranted by the conduct of the defendant released and the interest of justice.” The Court must  
14 consider several factors in its evaluation of early termination, including the nature and  
15 circumstances of the offense, the history and characteristics of the defendant, the need to deter  
16 criminal conduct, the need to protect the public from further crimes, and the need to avoid  
17 disparity among similarly situated defendants. 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e). Changed circumstances,  
18 such as exceptionally good behavior, can make early termination of supervised release  
19 appropriate if they make the supervision terms imposed “too harsh or inappropriately tailored to  
20 serve the general punishment goals of section 3553(a).” *United States v. Lussier*, 104 F.3d 32, 36  
21 (2nd Cir. 1997); *see also United States v. Miller*, 205 F.3d 1098, 1101 (9th Cir. 2000).

22 Taking into consideration all of the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) factors and the interests of  
23 justice, the Court finds it inappropriate to terminate Mr. Bin’s supervision at this time. Mr. Bin  
24 requests early termination on the basis of his demonstrated rehabilitation and low risk of re-  
25 offending. (Dkt. No. 185 at 3.) The Court recognizes Mr. Bin’s success in establishing a stable,  
26 law-abiding lifestyle while on supervised release. However, the Court does not find that this

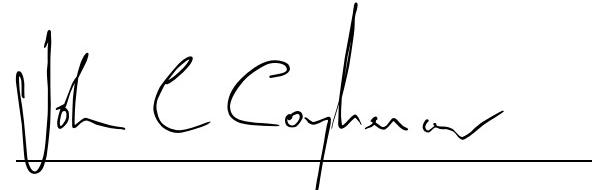
1 progress represents “exceptionally good behavior” that would make the term of supervision  
2 imposed too harsh or inappropriately tailored. *See Lussier*, 104 F.3d at 36. The Court gives  
3 particular weight to the seriousness of the offense of which Mr. Bin was convicted, to Mr. Bin’s  
4 continued non-compliance with the alcohol-related terms of his supervision and the need to  
5 provide effective correctional treatment, and to the need to avoid disparity in sentencing between  
6 similarly-situated co-defendants.

7 **III. CONCLUSION**

8 For the foregoing reasons, Defendant’s motion for early termination of supervised release  
9 (Dkt. No. 185) is DENIED.

10 DATED this 14th day of March 2018.

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14 John C. Coughenour  
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John C. Coughenour  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE